

10/589831

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I, VIVIEN IRENE COULSON, declare:

1. That I am a citizen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, residing at 96 Langley Road, Watford, Hertfordshire, WD17 4PJ, England;
2. That I am well acquainted with the French and English languages;
3. That the attached is a true translation into the English language of the Request and Specification of International Patent Application No. PCT/FR2005/000382 as filed;
4. That I believe that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements are made with the knowledge that wilful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such wilful false statements may jeopardise the validity of the patent application in the United States of America or any patent issuing thereon.

Declared this 15th day of June 2006

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**NEW AZABICYCLIC COMPOUNDS,
A PROCESS FOR THEIR PREPARATION
AND PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS CONTAINING THEM**

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The present invention relates to new azabicyclic compounds, to a process for their preparation and to pharmaceutical compositions containing them.

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The compounds of the present invention are of particular interest from a pharmacological point of view for their interaction with the central histaminergic systems *in vivo*, and may be used in the treatment of neuropathologies associated with cerebral ageing, mood disorders, eating behaviour disorders and sleep/wake cycle disturbances, as well as attention deficit hyperactivity syndrome.

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Ageing of the population as a result of the increase in life expectancy at birth has in parallel brought about a substantial increase in the incidence of neuropathologies associated with age, and especially Alzheimer's disease. The principal clinical manifestations of cerebral ageing and especially neuropathologies associated with age are mnesic and cognitive function deficiencies, which may lead to dementia.

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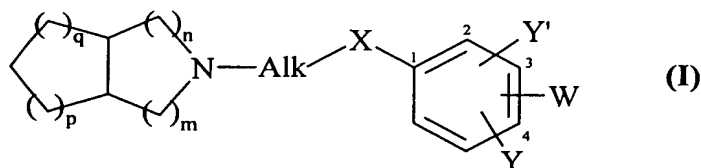
In respect of the central nervous system, recent neuropharmacological studies have demonstrated that histamine, *via* the central histaminergic systems, plays the role of a neurotransmitter or neuromodulator in physiological or pathophysiological settings (Pell and Green, *Annu. Rev. Neurosci.*, 1986, 9, 209-254; Schwartz *et al.*, *Physiol. Rev.*, 1991, 71, 1-51). Thus, it has been demonstrated that histamine plays a part in various physiological and behavioural processes such as thermoregulation, neuroendocrine regulation, circadian rhythm, cataleptic states, motor function, aggressiveness, eating behaviour, learning and memory function, and also synaptic plasticity (Hass *et al.*, *Histaminergic neurones : morphology and function*, Boca Raton, FL : CRC Press, 1991, pp. 196-208 ; Brown *et al.*, *Prog. Neurobiology*, 2001, 63, 637-672).

Studies carried out in animals have demonstrated that an increase in endogenous extra-

synaptic levels of histamine enables the promotion of states of alertness, the promotion of learning and memory processes and the regulation of food intake and enables convulsive attacks to be countered. (Brown *et al.*, *Prog. Neurobiol.*, 2000, 63, 637-672; Passani *et al.*, *Neurosci. Biobehav. Rev.*, 2000, 24, 107-113). As a result, potential therapeutic indications for compounds capable of increasing the turnover or release of histamine centrally are the treatment of cognitive deficiencies associated with cerebral ageing and with neurodegenerative diseases, such as Alzheimer's disease, Pick's disease, Korsakoff's disease and frontal lobe or sub-cortical dementias of vascular or other origins, as well as the treatment of mood disorders, convulsive attacks and attention deficit hyperactivity syndrome. Furthermore, works have shown that a histamine injection at the level of the central hypothalamic nuclei involved in the regulation of satiety reduces feeding in the rat. In addition, a hypofunctioning of histaminergic transmission has been demonstrated in genetically obese rats (Machidori *et al.*, *Brain Research*, 1992, 590, 180-186). As a result, eating behaviour disorders and obesity are likewise potential therapeutic indications for the compounds of the present invention.

A number of documents describe compounds comprising an octahydrocyclopenta-[b]pyrrole or octahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrole moiety [US 2,962,496 ; *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.*, 1995, 10, 1009-1010 ; *Tetrahedron*, 1991, 47(28), 5161-5172 ; *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 1988, 29 (28), 3481-3482 ; *J. Med. Chem.*, 1973, 16(4), 394-397]. Some of those compounds are known for their use in the treatment of cardiovascular diseases, especially hypertension, or as a local anaesthetic, and others have been studied from the point of view of mechanism in relation to chemical reactions of the catalysed intramolecular cyclisation or cycloaddition type. On the other hand, there is no document that either describes or suggests for those compounds an *in vivo* activity as activators of the central histaminergic systems, a novel property of the compounds claimed by the Applicant.

More especially, the present invention relates to the compounds of formula (I) :



wherein :

- **m** and **n**, which may be identical or different, each represent an integer of from 0 to 2 inclusive, with the sum of the two integers being from 2 to 3 inclusive,

- **p** and **q**, which may be identical or different, each represent an integer of from 0 to 2 inclusive,

- **Alk** represents an alkylene, alkenylene or alkynylene chain,

- **Y** and **Y'**, which may be identical or different, each represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom or an alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulphinyl, alkylsulphonyl, mercapto, hydroxy, perhaloalkyl, nitro, amino (unsubstituted or substituted by one or two alkyl groups), acyl, aminocarbonyl (optionally substituted on the nitrogen atom by one or two alkyl groups), acylamino (optionally substituted on the nitrogen atom by an alkyl group), alkoxycarbonyl, carboxy, sulpho or cyano group,

- **X** represents an oxygen atom, a sulphur atom or an $-N(R)-$ group wherein R represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group,

- **W** represents a group selected from cyano (when X represents an oxygen atom or an $-N(R)-$ group), $-N(R_1)-Z_1-R_2$ and $-Z_2-NR_1R_2$,

wherein :

- Z_1 represents $-C(O)-$, $-C(S)-$, $-C(NR_4)-$, $*-C(O)-N(R_3)-$, $*-C(S)-N(R_3)-$, $*-C(NR_4)-N(R_3)-$, $*-C(O)-O-$, $*-C(S)-O-$ or $-S(O)_r-$, in which $r = 1$ or 2 and $*$ corresponds to the point of attachment to $N(R_1)$,

- Z_2 represents $-C(O)-$, $-C(S)-$, $-C(NR_4)-$, $-S(O)_r-$ or a bond,

- R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 , which may be identical or different, each represent a hydrogen atom, an optionally substituted alkyl group, optionally substituted alkenyl group, optionally substituted alkynyl group, alkoxy group, optionally substituted cycloalkyl group, optionally substituted heterocycloalkyl group, optionally substituted aryl group or optionally substituted heteroaryl group,

- or R_1 and R_2 or R_2 and R_3 , together with the atom or atoms carrying them, form an optionally substituted heterocycloalkyl or optionally substituted heteroaryl group,

to their enantiomers, diastereoisomers, and also addition salts thereof with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable acids or one or more pharmaceutically acceptable bases,

5 wherein:

- the term "alkyl" denotes a linear or branched hydrocarbon chain containing from 1 to 6 carbon atoms,
- the term "alkenyl" denotes a linear or branched group containing from 3 to 6 carbon atoms and from 1 to 3 double bonds,
- 10 - the term "alkynyl" denotes a linear or branched group containing from 3 to 6 carbon atoms and from 1 to 3 triple bonds,
- the term "alkoxy" denotes an alkyl-oxy group in which the linear or branched alkyl chain contains from 1 to 6 carbon atoms,
- the expression "optionally substituted aryloxy" denotes an aryl-oxy group in which the
15 aryl group is optionally substituted,
- the term "acyl" denotes an $R_aC(O)-$ group in which R_a represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group,
- the term "perhaloalkyl" denotes a linear or branched carbon chain containing from 1 to 3 carbon atoms and from 1 to 7 halogen atoms,
- 20 - the term "alkylene" denotes a linear or branched bivalent radical containing from 1 to 6 carbon atoms,
- the term "alkenylene" denotes a linear or branched bivalent radical containing from 2 to 6 carbon atoms and from 1 to 3 double bonds,
- the term "alkynylene" denotes a linear or branched bivalent radical containing from 2 to 6
25 carbon atoms and from 1 to 3 triple bonds,
- the term "aryl" denotes a phenyl, naphthyl, indanyl, indenyl, dihydronaphthyl or tetrahydronaphthyl group,
- the term "heteroaryl" denotes a monocyclic or bicyclic group in which at least one of the rings is aromatic, the group containing from 5 to 11 ring members and from 1 to 4 hetero
30 atoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur,

- the term "cycloalkyl" denotes a hydrocarbon monocycle or bicycle containing from 3 to 11 carbon atoms and optionally unsaturated by 1 or 2 unsaturated bonds,
- the term "heterocycloalkyl" denotes a mono- or bi-cyclic group, saturated or unsaturated by 1 or 2 unsaturated bonds, the group containing from 4 to 11 ring members and having from 1 to 4 hetero atoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur,
- the expression "optionally substituted" applied to the terms cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocycloalkyl denotes either i) that those groups may be substituted by from 1 to 3 identical or different substituents selected from alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulphinyl, alkylsulphonyl, halogen, hydroxy, mercapto, perhaloalkyl, nitro, amino (unsubstituted or substituted by one or two alkyl groups), acyl, aminocarbonyl (optionally substituted on the nitrogen atom by one or two alkyl groups), acylamino (optionally substituted on the nitrogen atom by an alkyl group), alkoxycarbonyl, carboxy, sulpho and cyano, or ii) that those groups may be substituted by an aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl or benzyl group; it being understood that the aryl or heteroaryl groups may in addition be substituted by one or two oxo groups on the non-aromatic moiety of the groups containing an aromatic moiety and a non-aromatic moiety and that the cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl groups may be substituted likewise by one or two oxo groups,
- the expression "optionally substituted" applied to the term alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl denotes that those groups may be substituted by one or two identical or different groups selected from alkylthio, alkylsulphinyl, alkylsulphonyl, alkoxy, halogen, hydroxy, mercapto, nitro, amino, acyl, aminocarbonyl, acylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, carboxy, sulpho, cyano, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted heterocycloalkyl and optionally substituted aryloxy.

Among the pharmaceutically acceptable acids there may be mentioned, without implying any limitation, hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulphuric acid, phosphonic acid, acetic acid, trifluoroacetic acid, lactic acid, pyruvic acid, malonic acid, oxalic acid, succinic acid, glutaric acid, fumaric acid, tartaric acid, maleic acid, citric acid, ascorbic acid, methanesulphonic acid, camphoric acid, etc..

Among the pharmaceutically acceptable bases there may be mentioned, without implying

any limitation, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, triethylamine etc..

Preferred aryl groups are the phenyl group.

Advantageously, the compounds of the invention are those wherein, in formula (I), q is 1.

5 An advantageous embodiment of the invention relates to compounds wherein n represents 1.

Preferred compounds of the invention are those wherein m is 1.

Other preferred compounds of the invention are those wherein m is 2.

Preferred compounds of the invention are those wherein p is 1.

Other preferred compounds of the invention are those wherein p is 2.

10 An especially advantageous embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein X represents an oxygen atom or a sulphur atom (more advantageously an oxygen atom).

Another especially advantageous embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein X represents an $-N(R)-$ group (more advantageously NH).

15 A preferred embodiment is that in which the groups Y and Y' in the compounds of the invention of formula (I) each represent a hydrogen atom.

Another preferred embodiment of the invention is that in which, in the compounds of the invention of formula (I), the group Y represents a hydrogen atom and the group Y' represents a halogen atom or an alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulphinyl, alkylsulphonyl, mercapto, hydroxy, perhaloalkyl, nitro, amino (unsubstituted or substituted by one or two alkyl groups), acyl, aminocarbonyl (optionally substituted on the nitrogen atom by one or

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two alkyl groups), acylamino (optionally substituted on the nitrogen atom by an alkyl group), alkoxy carbonyl, carboxy, sulpho or cyano group. More preferably, Y' represents a halogen atom.

5 Especially advantageous compounds include the compounds of the invention wherein Alk represents an alkylene chain (more especially propylene).

An especially advantageous embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein W is located on the phenyl group in the 4-position.

Another advantageous embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein W represents a cyano group.

10 Advantageously, the compounds of formula (I) are those wherein W represents an $-N(R_1)-Z_1-R_2$ group.

Also advantageously, the compounds of formula (I) are those comprising W representing a $-Z_2-NR_1R_2$ group.

15 Preferred Z_2 groups are selected from $-C(O)-$, $-C(S)-$, $-C(NR_4)-$ and $-S(O)-$. More preferably, Z_2 represents a $-C(O)-$ group.

Other preferred compounds of the invention are those wherein Z_2 represents a bond.

Preferred Z_1 groups are selected from $-C(O)-$, $-C(S)-$, $*-C(O)-N(R_3)-$, $*-C(S)-N(R_3)-$, $*-C(O)-O-$ and $-S(O)_2-$, preferably $-C(O)-$ and $*-C(O)-N(R_3)-$ (more preferably $-C(O)-$).

20 An especially advantageous embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 , which may be identical or different, each represent :

- a hydrogen atom ;
- an alkoxy group ;

- a cycloalkyl group (preferably cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl or cyclohexyl) ;
- a phenyl group that is optionally substituted (preferably by one or two substituents selected from nitro, halogen, trihaloalkyl, alkyl and alkoxy) ;
- a naphthyl group ;
- 5 • a heteroaryl group (preferably selected from thienyl, furyl, pyridyl, benzofuryl and methylenedioxyphenyl) ;
- an alkyl group ;
- or an alkyl group substituted :
 - by a phenyl group that is optionally substituted (preferably by one or two
 - 10 substituents selected from halogen, trihaloalkyl, alkyl and alkoxy),
 - or by a cycloalkyl (preferably cyclopropyl) group,
 - or by a heterocycloalkyl (preferably morpholinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl) group,
 - or by a heteroaryl (preferably thienyl, furyl, pyridyl, imidazolyl) group,
 - 15 - or by one or two alkoxy (preferably methoxy) groups, or
 - by a phenyloxy group.

Another especially advantageous embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein W represents a group selected from $-N(R_1)-C(O)-NR_2R_3$; $-N(R_1)-C(S)-NR_2R_3$; $-C(O)-NR_1R_2$ and $-C(S)-NR_1R_2$; wherein R_1 and R_2 or R_2 and R_3 , together with the atom or atoms carrying them, form a heterocycloalkyl group or a piperidinopiperidinyl group.

Preferred heterocycloalkyl groups are either saturated monocyclic groups having 6 or 7 ring members optionally containing, in addition to the nitrogen atom, another hetero atom selected from nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur; or saturated bicyclic groups having from 6 to 10 ring members optionally containing, in addition to the nitrogen atom, another hetero atom selected from nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur.

Another especially advantageous embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein W represents a $-Z_2-NR_1R_2$ group in which Z_2 represents a bond ; R_1 and R_2 , together with the nitrogen atom carrying them, form a heteroaryl group (preferably imidazolyl or triazolyl) or R_1 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group and

R₂ represents an aryl or heteroaryl group (preferably heteroaryl, more preferably a group selected from quinazolyl, isoquinolyl, quinolyl and purinyl).

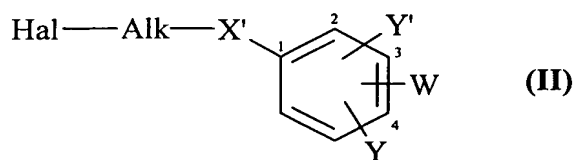
Advantageously, the compounds of formula (I) are those wherein W represents a -C(O)-NR₁R₂ group in which R₁ and R₂, together with the nitrogen atom carrying them, form a group selected from piperazinyl optionally substituted by an alkyl or benzyl group; piperidinyl optionally substituted by an alkyl or benzyl group; azepanyl; morpholinyl; thiomorpholinyl; octahydrocyclopentapyrrolyl; dihydroquinolinyl; and tetrahydroquinolinyl.

An especially advantageous embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein W represents a -C(O)-NR₁R₂ group in which R₁ and R₂, independently, each represent an alkyl group or a hydrogen atom.

Another especially advantageous embodiment of the invention relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein W represents a -N(R₁)-C(O)-R₂ group in which R₁ and R₂, independently, each represent an alkyl group or a hydrogen atom.

Among the preferred compounds of the invention there may be mentioned, more especially, 4-(3-hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)benzonitrile, 4-[(3-hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)benzamide, 4-[3-(hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-methylbenzamide, 4-[3-(hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N,N*-dimethylbenzamide and *N*-[4-(3-hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl]acetamide.

The invention relates also to a process for the preparation of compounds of formula (I), which is characterised in that there is used as starting material a compound of formula (II) :

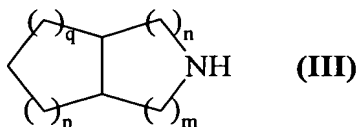


wherein :

Alk is as defined for formula (I), Hal represents a halogen atom, X' represents an

oxygen atom, a sulphur atom or an $-N(p)-$ group, in which (p) represents a hydrogen atom, a conventional protecting group for the nitrogen atom, or an alkyl group, and W, Y and Y' are as defined for formula (I),

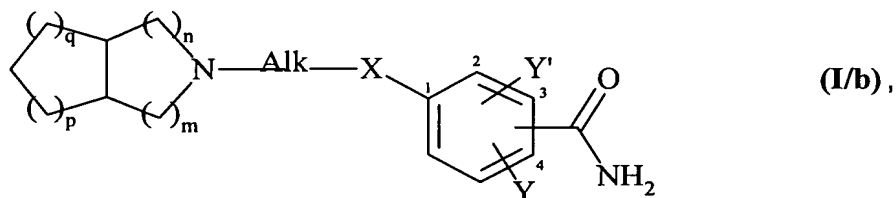
which compound of formula (II), after deprotection where appropriate, is condensed in basic medium with a bicycle of formula (III) :



wherein :

n, m, p and q are as defined for formula (I), to yield a compound of formula (I),

- which compound of formula (I), when W represents a cyano group, is optionally reacted with sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide to yield a compound of formula (I/b) :



a particular case of the compounds of formula (I) wherein Alk, n, m, p, q, X, Y and Y' are as defined for formula (I),

which compounds of formula (I),

- may, if necessary, be purified according to a conventional purification technique,
- are separated, where appropriate, into stereoisomers according to a conventional separation technique,
- are converted, if desired, into addition salts with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable acids or one or more pharmaceutically acceptable bases,

it being understood that:

- at any moment considered appropriate during the course of the process described above, the group or groups carbonyl, thiocarbonyl, amino, alkylamino of the starting reagent (II) can be protected and then, after condensation, deprotected, as required by the synthesis,
- the reagents (II) and (III) are prepared according to known procedures described in the

literature.

The present invention relates also to pharmaceutical compositions comprising as active ingredient at least one compound of formula (I), alone or in combination with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable, inert, non-toxic excipients or carriers.

5 Among the pharmaceutical compositions according to the invention there may be mentioned, more especially, those which are suitable for oral, parenteral, nasal or transdermal administration, tablets or dragées, sublingual tablets, gelatin capsules, lozenges, suppositories, creams, ointments, dermal gels, etc..

10 The useful dosage varies in accordance with the age and weight of the patient, the nature and the severity of the disorder, and also the administration route, which may be oral, nasal, rectal or parenteral. Generally, the unit dosage ranges from 0.05 to 500 mg for a treatment of from 1 to 3 administrations per 24 hours.

15 The following Examples illustrate the invention and do not limit it in any way. The structures of the described compounds were confirmed by customary spectroscopic and spectrometric techniques.

The starting materials used are known products or products prepared according to known procedures.

PREPARATION 1 : *N*-(4-Chlorobutyl)-*N*-(4-cyanophenyl)acetamide

20 9 g (54.1 mmol) of *N*-(4-cyanophenyl)acetamide are dissolved in 100 ml of THF. The mixture is cooled to 0°C before the dropwise addition of 51 ml of a 1.6 N solution in hexane of *n*BuLi (1.5 eq.). The solution is left for one hour to return to ambient temperature and is then cooled to 0°C before the dropwise addition of 9.9 ml of 1-chloro-4-iodobutane (81 mmol). The reaction mixture is stirred at ambient temperature for 18 h and then hydrolysed with a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride (100 ml) and
25 extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic phases are combined, dried over magnesium

sulphate and concentrated. Purification by chromatography on silica (eluant : petroleum ether/ethyl acetate : 1/1) yields a yellow oil containing the expected product.

PREPARATION 2 : *N*-(3-Chloropropyl)-*N*-(4-cyanophenyl)acetamide

5 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Preparation 1, with the replacement of 1-chloro-4-iodobutane with 1-chloro-3-iodopropane.

PREPARATION 3 : *N*-(2-Chloroethyl)-*N*-(4-cyanophenyl)acetamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Preparation 1, with the replacement of 1-chloro-4-iodobutane with 1-chloro-2-iodoethane.

10 **EXAMPLE 1 : 4-(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)benzonitrile
oxalate**

Step 1 : 4-(3-Chloropropoxy)benzonitrile

A mixture of 0.47 g (0.004 mol) of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile, 0.63 g (0.004 mol) of 1-bromo-3-chloropropane and 1.95 g (0.006 mol) of caesium carbonate in 10 ml of acetonitrile is heated at reflux for 5 hours.

15 **Step 2 : 4-(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)benzonitrile oxalate**

There are added to the reaction mixture of Step 1, at ambient temperature, 0.44 g (0.004 mol) of octahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrole* and 0.30 g (0.002 mol) of sodium iodide and heating at reflux is resumed for 16 hours. The precipitate is filtered off and rinsed with acetonitrile. The filtrate is concentrated to dryness. The residue is taken up in dichloro-
20 methane. The resulting solution is extracted with sodium hydroxide solution, then with water, dried over magnesium sulphate and concentrated to dryness. The residue is purified by preparative chromatography technique on Lichroprep RP-18 phase. The title product is recrystallised from ethanol in oxalate form.

*The octahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrole was synthesised according to the Roussi and Zang method (*Tetrahedron Lett.*, 1988, 29, 3481).

ESI⁺ : [M+H]⁺ 271.1810 (theory : 271.1810)

**EXAMPLE 2 : 4-(2-Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylethoxy)benzonitrile
oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 1-bromo-3-chloropropane in Step 1 with 1-bromo-2-chloroethane.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Calculated : | 62.42 | 6.40 | 8.09 |
| Found : | 62.09 | 6.38 | 8.09 |

**EXAMPLE 3 : 4-(4-Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylbutoxy)benzonitrile
oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 1-bromo-3-chloropropane in Step 1 with 1-bromo-2-chlorobutane.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Calculated : | 63.28 | 6.89 | 7.31 |
| Found : | 63.14 | 6.78 | 6.91 |

**EXAMPLE 4 : *N*-[4-(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)-
phenyl]acetamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamide.

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) : δ (ppm) : 1.40-1.80 (m,6*H*) ; 2.00 (s,3*H*) ; 2.10 (quint,2*H*) ;
2.80 (m,4*H*) ; 3.25 (t,2*H*) ; 3.60 (m,2*H*) ; 4.00 (t,2*H*) ;
6.90 (d,2*H*) ; 7.50 (d,2*H*) ; 9.80 (s,1*H*).

EXAMPLE 5 : *N*-[3-(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)-phenyl]acetamide oxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(3-hydroxyphenyl)acetamide.

5 Elemental microanalyses :

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated</i> : | 61.21 | 7.19 | 7.14 |
| <i>Found</i> : | 61.06 | 7.28 | 7.06 |

10 **EXAMPLE 6 : *N*-Ethyl-4-(3-hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)-benzamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-ethyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses :

15

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated</i> : | 72.12 | 8.92 | 8.85 |
| <i>Found</i> : | 72.52 | 9.10 | 8.80 |

EXAMPLE 7 : *N*-Cyclopentyl-4-(3-hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)-benzamide oxalate

20 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-cyclopentyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

EXAMPLE 8 : *N*-Cyclopentyl-*N*-ethyl-4-(3-hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)benzamide oxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-cyclopentyl-*N*-ethyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

EXAMPLE 9 : *N,N*-Diethyl-4-(3-hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)-benzamide oxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N,N*-diethyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

5 Elemental microanalyses:

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Calculated : | 63.57 | 7.89 | 6.45 |
| Found : | 63.37 | 7.93 | 6.34 |

10 **EXAMPLE 10 : *N,N*-Dicyclopropyl-4-(3-hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)benzamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N,N*-dicyclopropyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

EXAMPLE 11 : 2-{3-[4-(1-Azepanylcabonyl)phenoxy]propyl}octahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrole oxalate

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(1-azepanylcabonyl)phenol.

EXAMPLE 12 : 2-{3-[4-(Thiomorpholinocarbonyl)phenoxy]propyl}octahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrole oxalate

20 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(thiomorpholinocarbonyl)phenol.

EXAMPLE 13 : 2-{3-[4-(Morpholinocarbonyl)phenoxy]propyl}octahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrole oxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of

4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(morpholinocarbonyl)phenol.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 61.59 | 7.19 | 6.25 |
| 5 Found : | 61.50 | 7.21 | 6.30 |

EXAMPLE 14 : 2-{3-[4-(1-Piperazinylcarbonyl)phenoxy]propyl}octahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrole oxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(1-piperazinylcarbonyl)phenol.

10 **EXAMPLE 15 : 2-[4-(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-ylpropoxy)benzoyl]-isoindoline oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2-ylcarbonyl)phenol.

15 **EXAMPLE 16 : 5-Bromo-2-[4-(3-hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-ylpropoxy)-benzoyl]isoindoline oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-[(5-bromo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2-yl)carbonyl]-phenol.

20 **EXAMPLE 17 : 2-{3-[4-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-ylcarbonyl)phenoxy]-propyl}octahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrole oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-ylcarbonyl)-phenol.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 62.65 | 7.21 | 5.41 |
| Found : | 63.14 | 7.30 | 5.47 |

5 **EXAMPLE 18 : 4-[(4-Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylbutyl)amino]-
benzonitrile oxalate**

Step 1 : *N*-(4-Cyanophenyl)-*N*-(4-hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylbutyl)-
acetamide

10 2 g (8 mmol) of the chlorine compound synthesised in Preparation 1 are dissolved in 65 ml
of ethanol with 1.5 g of octahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrole (2 eq.) and 12 mg of NaI (0.01 eq.).
The mixture is heated at reflux for 18 hours before being evaporated to dryness *in vacuo*.
The residue is taken up in ethyl acetate and then washed with N sodium hydroxide
solution. The organic phase is dried over magnesium sulphate, concentrated and purified
15 by column chromatography on silica (eluant : dichloromethane/ethanol : 9/1) to yield 1.4 g
of the expected product.

Step 2 : 4-[(4-Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylbutyl)amino]benzonitrile
oxalate

20 133 mg (1.5 eq.) of sodium ethanolate are added to a solution of the compound prepared in
the above Step (423 mg) in 2.6 ml of ethanol. The mixture is heated at reflux for 5 hours
and then concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue is taken up in dichloromethane, washed with
water and then dried over magnesium sulphate before evaporation of the solvent.
Purification by column chromatography (eluant : dichloromethane/ethanol/ammonium
hydroxide : 10/0.5/0.25) allows 330 mg of product to be obtained. 260 mg of that
25 compound are dissolved in ethanol and then the addition of 2.5 equivalents of oxalic acid
in solution in ethanol results in precipitation of the salt.

ESI⁺ : $[M+H]^+$ 284.2085 (theory : 284.2127)

EXAMPLE 19 : 4-[(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropyl)amino]benzo-nitrile oxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 18, with the replacement of the reagent of Preparation 1 with that of Preparation 2.

5 Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|-------|
| Calculated : | 63.49 | 7.01 | 11.69 |
| Found : | 63.22 | 7.04 | 11.47 |

10 **EXAMPLE 20 : 4-[(2-Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylethyl)amino]benzo-nitrile oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 18, with the replacement of the reagent of Preparation 1 with that of Preparation 3.

Elemental microanalyses:

15

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|-------|
| Calculated : | 60.81 | 6.49 | 11.56 |
| Found : | 60.60 | 6.00 | 11.30 |

EXAMPLE 21 : 4-[(4-Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylbutyl)amino]-benzamide oxalate

20 436 mg of the compound of Example 18 are dissolved in 4 ml of ethanol. 86 mg of potassium hydroxide (1 eq.) are dissolved in 1.5 ml of water before being added to the alcohol solution. The mixture is heated at reflux for 1.5 hours and then evaporated to dryness. The residue is taken up in dichloromethane. The resulting solution is washed with water, dried over magnesium sulphate and then concentrated *in vacuo*. The product is
25 crystallised in oxalate form.

ESI⁺ : [M+H]⁺ 302.2212 (theory : 302.2232)

**EXAMPLE 22 : 4-(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-ylpropoxy)benzamide
oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 21, using the compound of Example 1 as starting material.

5 Elemental microanalyses :

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 60.30 | 6.93 | 7.40 |
| Found : | 60.21 | 6.65 | 7.31 |

10 **EXAMPLE 23 : 4-[(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-ylpropyl)amino]-
benzamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 21, using the compound of Example 19 as starting material.

15 **EXAMPLE 24 : 4-[(2-Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-ylethyl)amino]benzamide
oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 21, using the compound of Example 20 as starting material.

**EXAMPLE 25 : N-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-2-
methylpropanamide oxalate**

20 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 2-methylpropanoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses :

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 61.20 | 7.66 | 6.45 |
| Found : | 61.32 | 7.47 | 6.24 |

25

**EXAMPLE 26 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-
2,2-dimethylpropanamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 2,2-dimethylpropanoyl chloride.

5 Elemental microanalyses :

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated :</i> | 73.22 | 9.36 | 8.13 |
| <i>Found :</i> | 73.69 | 9.33 | 8.20 |

**EXAMPLE 27 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-
cyclopropanecarboxamide**

10

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with cyclopropanecarbonyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses :

15

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated :</i> | 73.14 | 8.59 | 8.53 |
| <i>Found :</i> | 72.04 | 8.67 | 8.31 |

**EXAMPLE 28 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-
cyclobutanecarboxamide**

20

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with cyclobutanecarbonyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses :

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated :</i> | 73.65 | 8.83 | 8.18 |
| <i>Found :</i> | 73.24 | 8.68 | 8.12 |

EXAMPLE 29 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-cyclohexanecarboxamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with cyclohexanecarbonyl chloride.

5 Elemental microanalyses:

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated</i> : | 74.56 | 9.25 | 7.56 |
| <i>Found</i> : | 74.20 | 9.38 | 7.40 |

EXAMPLE 30 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-4-nitrobenzamide

10

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 4-nitrobenzoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

15

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated</i> : | 67.46 | 6.65 | 10.26 |
| <i>Found</i> : | 68.18 | 6.60 | 10.31 |

EXAMPLE 31 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-4-fluorobenzamide

Step 1 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]aniline

20 The title compound is obtained by acid hydrolysis of 1.5 g of the compound of Example 4 by heating it at reflux in 6N hydrochloric acid. The mixture is then concentrated and rendered alkaline in 20 ml of water and 10 ml of 1N sodium hydroxide solution and subsequently extracted with dichloromethane. A white solid is obtained by concentration of the organic phase (1.08 g).

Step 2 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-4-fluorobenzamide

0.24 g (1mM) of the compound synthesised in the above Step is dissolved in 2.5 ml of anhydrous tetrahydrofuran and then cooled in an ice bath. There are added dropwise, in succession, 0.21 ml (1.5 mM) of triethylamine and 0.26 g (1 mM) of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride. The mixture is maintained in an ice bath, with stirring, and is then left at ambient temperature, with stirring, for 16 h. The solution is diluted with ethyl acetate and extracted with (6N) sodium hydroxide solution, washed with water and then dried over magnesium sulphate and concentrated. The title product can be obtained in oxalate form by recrystallisation from ethanol (see Step 2 of Example 18).

Elemental microanalyses :

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated</i> : | 72.23 | 7.12 | 7.32 |
| <i>Found</i> : | 72.26 | 7.10 | 7.34 |

EXAMPLE 32 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-2-fluorobenzamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 2-fluorobenzoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses :

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated</i> : | 72.23 | 7.12 | 7.32 |
| <i>Found</i> : | 72.01 | 7.03 | 7.28 |

EXAMPLE 33 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-2,4-difluorobenzamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 2,4-difluorobenzoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 68.98 | 6.54 | 7.00 |
| Found : | 69.02 | 6.72 | 6.99 |

5 **EXAMPLE 34 : N-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-4-trifluoromethylbenzamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 4-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 66.65 | 6.29 | 6.48 |
| Found : | 66.64 | 6.39 | 6.51 |

EXAMPLE 35 : N-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-2-trifluoromethylbenzamide

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 2-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 66.65 | 6.29 | 6.48 |
| Found : | 66.36 | 6.34 | 6.36 |

EXAMPLE 36 : N-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-4-methoxybenzamide oxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 4-methoxybenzoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 64.45 | 6.66 | 5.78 |
| Found : | 64.57 | 6.65 | 5.78 |

5 **EXAMPLE 37 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-2-naphthamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 2-naphthoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 78.23 | 7.29 | 6.76 |
| Found : | 78.36 | 7.26 | 6.81 |

EXAMPLE 38 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-1-naphthamide oxalate

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 1-naphthoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 69.03 | 6.39 | 5.55 |
| Found : | 68.57 | 6.33 | 5.68 |

EXAMPLE 39 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-2-furancarboxamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 2-furoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 71.16 | 7.39 | 7.90 |
| Found : | 70.90 | 7.44 | 7.87 |

5 **EXAMPLE 40 : N-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-2-thiophenecarboxamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 2-thenoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % | S % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 68.08 | 7.07 | 7.56 | 8.65 |
| Found : | 68.21 | 7.09 | 7.50 | 8.52 |

EXAMPLE 41 : N-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-isonicotinamide

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with isonicotinoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|-------|
| Calculated : | 72.30 | 7.45 | 11.50 |
| Found : | 72.63 | 7.57 | 11.44 |

EXAMPLE 42 : N-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-benzo[b]thiophene-3-carboxamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with benzo[b]thiophene-3-carbonyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % | S % |
|--------------------|-------|------|------|------|
| <i>Calculated:</i> | 71.40 | 6.71 | 6.66 | 7.62 |
| <i>Found:</i> | 71.00 | 6.89 | 6.57 | 7.41 |

5 **EXAMPLE 43 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-2-phenylacetamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with phenylacetyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------------|-------|------|------|
| <i>Calculated:</i> | 76.16 | 7.99 | 7.40 |
| <i>Found:</i> | 76.33 | 8.00 | 7.26 |

EXAMPLE 44 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)acetamide oxalate

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with (3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)acetyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------------|-------|------|------|
| <i>Calculated:</i> | 63.62 | 6.86 | 5.30 |
| <i>Found:</i> | 63.32 | 6.72 | 5.22 |

EXAMPLE 45 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-2-(2-thienyl)acetamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with (2-thienyl)acetyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses :

| | C % | H % | N % | S % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 68.72 | 7.34 | 7.28 | 8.34 |
| Found : | 68.57 | 7.45 | 7.20 | 8.92 |

5 **EXAMPLE 46 : N-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-
2,2-diphenylacetamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with diphenylacetyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses :

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 70.57 | 6.66 | 5.14 |
| Found : | 70.15 | 6.72 | 5.18 |

**EXAMPLE 47 : N-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-3-
phenylpropanamide oxalate**

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with 3-phenylpropanoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses :

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 67.20 | 7.10 | 5.80 |
| Found : | 66.85 | 7.14 | 5.74 |

**EXAMPLE 48 : N-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-2-
methoxyacetamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with methoxyacetyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 56.96 | 6.98 | 6.09 |
| Found : | 57.28 | 6.77 | 6.05 |

5 **EXAMPLE 49 : *N'*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-*N,N*-dimethylurea**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with dimethylcarbamoyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|-------|
| Calculated : | 68.85 | 8.82 | 12.68 |
| Found : | 68.84 | 9.09 | 12.29 |

EXAMPLE 50 : *N*-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]phenyl}-morpholinocarboxamide

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 31, with the replacement of 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride in Step 2 with morpholinocarbonyl chloride.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|-------|
| Calculated : | 67.53 | 8.37 | 11.25 |
| Found : | 67.67 | 8.67 | 11.41 |

EXAMPLE 51 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-phenylbenzamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-hydroxy-*N*-phenylbenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 75.79 | 7.74 | 7.69 |
| Found : | 75.46 | 7.82 | 7.60 |

5 **EXAMPLE 52 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(4-fluorophenyl)benzamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 72.23 | 7.12 | 7.32 |
| Found : | 71.85 | 7.23 | 7.31 |

EXAMPLE 53 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)benzamide

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 70.57 | 6.91 | 6.86 |
| Found : | 70.46 | 7.06 | 7.08 |

EXAMPLE 54 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-cyclohexylbenzamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-cyclohexyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 74.56 | 9.25 | 7.56 |
| Found : | 74.11 | 9.30 | 7.36 |

5 **EXAMPLE 55 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-methyl-*N*-cyclohexylbenzamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-methyl-*N*-cyclohexyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 65.80 | 8.07 | 5.90 |
| Found : | 65.06 | 7.64 | 6.07 |

EXAMPLE 56 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N,N*-dicyclohexylbenzamide

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N,N*-dicyclohexyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 75.95 | 9.80 | 6.19 |
| Found : | 76.23 | 9.86 | 6.11 |

EXAMPLE 57 : 2-[3-(4-Piperidinocarbonylphenoxy)propyl]octahydro-cyclopenta[c]pyrrole oxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(1-piperidinocarbonyl)phenol.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 61.09 | 7.18 | 5.70 |
| Found : | 61.05 | 7.33 | 5.60 |

5 **EXAMPLE 58 : 1-{4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]benzoyl}-
1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline dioxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(3,4-dihydro-1(2*H*)-quinolylcarbonyl)phenol.

10 Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 63.33 | 6.40 | 5.72 |
| Found : | 63.47 | 6.61 | 5.16 |

15 **EXAMPLE 59 : 2-[3-(4-[Piperidinopiperidinocarbonyl]phenoxy)propyl]octahydro-
cyclopenta[c]pyrrole dioxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-piperidinopiperidinocarbonylphenol.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 57.82 | 6.98 | 6.32 |
| Found : | 57.51 | 7.17 | 6.27 |

**EXAMPLE 60 : 2-(3-{4-[(4-Methyl-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl]phenoxy}propyl)octa-
hydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrole dioxalate**

25 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl]phenol.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| <i>Calculated :</i> | 54.45 | 6.26 | 7.06 |
| <i>Found :</i> | 54.82 | 6.51 | 7.00 |

5 **EXAMPLE 61 : 2-(3-{4-[(4-Benzyl-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl]phenoxy}propyl)octahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrole dioxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-[(4-benzyl-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl]phenol.

10 Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| <i>Calculated :</i> | 56.90 | 6.04 | 5.85 |
| <i>Found :</i> | 58.55 | 6.39 | 6.43 |

15 **EXAMPLE 62 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]-N-(1-benzylpiperidino)benzamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with N-(1-benzylpiperidino)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| <i>Calculated :</i> | 75.45 | 8.52 | 9.10 |
| <i>Found :</i> | 75.36 | 8.52 | 9.07 |

20 **EXAMPLE 63 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]-N-(cyclopropylmethyl)benzamide**

25 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 73.65 | 8.83 | 8.18 |
| Found : | 72.99 | 8.92 | 8.80 |

5 **EXAMPLE 64 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-benzylbenzamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-benzyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

10 Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 76.16 | 7.99 | 7.40 |
| Found : | 76.20 | 8.06 | 7.41 |

15 **EXAMPLE 65 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-benzyl-*N*-methylbenzamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-benzyl-*N*-methyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 67.20 | 7.10 | 5.80 |
| Found : | 66.85 | 7.17 | 5.82 |

20 **EXAMPLE 66 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-benzyl-*N*-(4-methoxyphenyl)benzamide oxalate**

25 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-benzyl-*N*-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 68.97 | 6.66 | 4.87 |
| Found : | 68.18 | 6.50 | 4.86 |

5 **EXAMPLE 67 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(4-methylbenzyl)benzamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(4-methylbenzyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 76.50 | 8.22 | 7.14 |
| Found : | 76.28 | 8.19 | 7.06 |

EXAMPLE 68 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(3-methylbenzyl)benzamide

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(3-methylbenzyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 76.50 | 8.22 | 7.14 |
| Found : | 76.01 | 8.31 | 6.96 |

EXAMPLE 69 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(2-methylbenzyl)benzamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(2-methylbenzyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses :

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 76.50 | 8.22 | 7.14 |
| Found : | 76.38 | 8.32 | 7.05 |

5 **EXAMPLE 70 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)benzamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses :

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 67.25 | 6.55 | 6.27 |
| Found : | 67.24 | 6.47 | 6.23 |

EXAMPLE 71 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)benzamide oxalate

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses :

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 60.44 | 5.82 | 5.22 |
| Found : | 59.40 | 5.77 | 5.07 |

EXAMPLE 72 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(4-pyridylmethyl)benzamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(4-pyridylmethyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|-------|
| Calculated : | 72.79 | 7.70 | 11.07 |
| Found : | 72.11 | 7.56 | 10.81 |

5 **EXAMPLE 73 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]-N-furfurylbenzamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with N-furfuryl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 71.71 | 7.66 | 7.60 |
| Found : | 70.68 | 7.77 | 7.56 |

EXAMPLE 74 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]-N-[2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]benzamide

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with N-[2-(2-thienylmethyl)ethyl]-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % | S % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 69.31 | 7.59 | 7.03 | 8.05 |
| Found : | 69.28 | 7.63 | 6.89 | 8.01 |

EXAMPLE 75 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1H)-yl)propoxy]-N-(3,4-dimethoxyphenethyl)benzamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with N-(3,4-dimethoxyphenethyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------------|-------|------|------|
| <i>Calculated:</i> | 71.65 | 8.02 | 6.19 |
| <i>Found:</i> | 71.80 | 8.09 | 6.16 |

5 **EXAMPLE 76** : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(2-piperidinoethyl)benzamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(2-piperidinoethyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

10 ¹H NMR (DMSO D₆) : δ (ppm) : 1.20-1.75 (m,12*H*) ; 1.90 (quint,2*H*) ; 2.15 (m,2*H*) ;
2.30-2.50 (m,8*H*) ; 2.60 (m,4*H*) ; 3.55 (quad,2*H*) ;
4.05 (t,2*H*) ; 7.00 (d,2*H*) ; 7.80 (d,2*H*) ; 8.20 (t,1*H*).

EXAMPLE 77 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(2-morpholinoethyl)benzamide

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(2-morpholinoethyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------------|-------|------|-------|
| <i>Calculated:</i> | 68.80 | 8.79 | 10.46 |
| <i>Found:</i> | 68.62 | 8.84 | 10.34 |

20 **EXAMPLE 78** : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-[3-(1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)propyl]benzamide dioxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-[3-(1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)propyl]-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 56.24 | 6.29 | 9.72 |
| Found : | 55.99 | 6.44 | 9.60 |

5 **EXAMPLE 79 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(2-phenoxyethyl)benzamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(2-phenoxyethyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 73.50 | 7.89 | 6.86 |
| Found : | 72.76 | 7.82 | 6.85 |

15 **EXAMPLE 80 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(2-methoxyethyl)benzamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 60.54 | 7.39 | 6.42 |
| Found : | 61.07 | 7.54 | 6.49 |

EXAMPLE 81 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-[2-methoxy-1-(methoxymethyl)ethyl]benzamide oxalate

25 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-[2-methoxy-1-(methoxymethyl)ethyl]-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 59.99 | 7.55 | 5.83 |
| Found : | 59.54 | 7.44 | 5.60 |

5 **EXAMPLE 82 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(*tert*-butoxy)benzamide**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(*tert*-butoxy)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 69.97 | 8.95 | 7.77 |
| Found : | 70.05 | 9.00 | 7.69 |

EXAMPLE 83 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(2-ethylbutyl)benzamide oxalate

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(2-ethylbutyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 64.91 | 8.28 | 6.06 |
| Found : | 64.93 | 8.38 | 6.00 |

EXAMPLE 84 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-isopropylbenzamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-isopropyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 72.69 | 9.15 | 8.48 |
| Found : | 73.10 | 9.36 | 8.54 |

5 **EXAMPLE 85 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(*tert*-butyl)benzamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(*tert*-butyl)-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 63.57 | 7.89 | 6.45 |
| Found : | 63.82 | 8.12 | 6.32 |

EXAMPLE 86 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-propylbenzamide oxalate

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-propyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 62.84 | 7.67 | 6.66 |
| Found : | 63.24 | 8.09 | 6.58 |

EXAMPLE 87 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N,N*-dimethylbenzamide oxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N,N*-dimethyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 58.53 | 6.92 | 6.20 |
| Found : | 58.51 | 6.99 | 6.09 |

5 **EXAMPLE 88 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N,N*-dipropylbenzamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N,N*-dipropyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 64.91 | 8.28 | 6.06 |
| Found : | 64.73 | 8.39 | 5.94 |

15 **EXAMPLE 89 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-ethyl-*N*-methylbenzamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-ethyl-*N*-methyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 59.34 | 7.15 | 6.02 |
| Found : | 59.26 | 7.16 | 5.91 |

EXAMPLE 90 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-propyl-*N*-methylbenzamide oxalate

25 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-propyl-*N*-methyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 63.57 | 7.89 | 6.45 |
| Found : | 63.62 | 8.11 | 6.38 |

5 **EXAMPLE 91 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-isopropyl-*N*-methylbenzamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-isopropyl-*N*-methyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

10

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 63.57 | 7.89 | 6.45 |
| Found : | 63.95 | 8.30 | 6.37 |

EXAMPLE 92 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-(*tert*-butyl)-*N*-methylbenzamide oxalate

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-(*tert*-butyl)-*N*-methyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

20

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 64.26 | 8.09 | 6.25 |
| Found : | 63.81 | 8.10 | 6.20 |

EXAMPLE 93 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-*N*-methylbenzamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with *N*-methyl-4-hydroxybenzamide.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 71.49 | 8.67 | 9.26 |
| Found : | 71.35 | 8.85 | 9.18 |

5 **EXAMPLE 94 : 4-[3-(Hexahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-yl)propoxy]-3-bromobenzamide oxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-hydroxy-3-bromobenzamide.

ESI⁺ : [M+H]⁺ 367.1031 (theory : 367.1021)

10 **EXAMPLE 95 : 2-{3-[4-(1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)phenoxy]propyl}octahydrocyclopenta[c]-pyrrole dioxalate**

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)phenol.

Elemental microanalyses:

15

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|------|
| Calculated : | 55.68 | 5.88 | 8.40 |
| Found : | 55.81 | 5.57 | 8.51 |

EXAMPLE 96 : 2-{3-[4-(1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenoxy]propyl}octahydrocyclopenta[c]pyrrole oxalate

20 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenol.

Elemental microanalyses:

25

| | C % | H % | N % |
|--------------|-------|------|-------|
| Calculated : | 59.69 | 6.51 | 13.92 |
| Found : | 58.83 | 6.39 | 13.35 |

EXAMPLE 97 : *N*-[4-(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)phenyl]-*N*-(2-pyrimidinyl)amine oxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(2-pyrimidinylamino)phenol.

5 Elemental microanalyses :

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated :</i> | 59.92 | 6.37 | 12.42 |
| <i>Found :</i> | 59.43 | 6.47 | 11.67 |

EXAMPLE 98 : *N*-[4-(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)phenyl]-2-quinolylamine dioxalate

10

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(2-quinolylamino)phenol.

Elemental microanalyses :

15

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated :</i> | 61.37 | 5.86 | 7.40 |
| <i>Found :</i> | 61.49 | 6.02 | 7.32 |

EXAMPLE 99 : *N*-[4-(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)phenyl]-1-isoquinolylamine

20

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(1-isoquinolylamino)phenol.

Elemental microanalyses :

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>Calculated :</i> | 77.49 | 7.54 | 10.84 |
| <i>Found :</i> | 76.81 | 7.68 | 10.68 |

EXAMPLE 100 : *N*-[4-(3-Hexahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrol-2(1*H*)-ylpropoxy)phenyl]-9*H*-purin-6-ylamine

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile in Step 1 with 4-(9*H*-purin-6-ylamino)phenol.

5 Elemental microanalyses:

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Calculated : | 66.64 | 6.92 | 22.20 |
| Found : | 66.84 | 7.03 | 21.81 |

EXAMPLE 101 : 4-(3-Octahydro-2(1*H*)-isoquinolylpropoxy)benzonitrile oxalate

10 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of octahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrole in Step 2 with decahydroisoquinoline. The decahydroisoquinoline was synthesised according to the method of Wiktop. B (*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 1948, 70, 2617).

Elemental microanalyses:

15

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Calculated : | 64.93 | 7.27 | 7.21 |
| Found : | 63.93 | 7.03 | 7.01 |

EXAMPLE 102 : 4-(3-Octahydro-2*H*-isoindol-2-ylpropoxy)benzonitrile oxalate

20 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of octahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrole in Step 2 with octahydroisoindole. The octahydroisoindole was synthesised according to the method of Matsuki *et al.* (*Chem. Pharm. Bull.*, 1994, 42(1), 9-18).

Elemental microanalyses:

25

| | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Calculated : | 64.15 | 7.00 | 7.48 |
| Found : | 63.86 | 6.89 | 7.55 |

EXAMPLE 103 : 4-(4-Octahydro-2(1*H*)-isoquinolylbutoxy)benzonitrile oxalate

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 3 , with the replacement of octahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrole in Step 2 with decahydroisoquinoline.

Elemental microanalyses :

| | | | | |
|---|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | | <i>C</i> % | <i>H</i> % | <i>N</i> % |
| | <i>Calculated</i> : | 68.98 | 7.29 | 6.66 |
| | <i>Found</i> : | 64.54 | 7.25 | 6.73 |

EXAMPLE 104 : 4-(3-Octahydro-2*H*-isoindol-2-ylpropoxy)benzamide

Step 1 : 4-(3-Octahydro-2*H*-isoindol-2-ylpropoxy)benzonitrile

10 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of octahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrole in Step 2 with octahydroisoindole.

Step 2 : 4-(3-Octahydro-2*H*-isoindol-2-ylpropoxy)benzamide

15 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 21, with the replacement of the compound of Example 18 with the compound of the above Step.

ESI⁺ : $[M+H]^+$ 303.2072 (theory : 303.2073)

EXAMPLE 105 : *N*-Methyl-4-(3-octahydro-2*H*-isoindol-2-ylpropoxy)benzamide

20 The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of 4-hydroxybenzonitrile with *N*-methyl-4-hydroxybenzamide in Step 1, and octahydrocyclopenta[*c*]pyrrole with octahydroisoindole in Step 2.

ESI⁺ : $[M+H]^+$ 317.2240 (theory : 317.2229)

EXAMPLE 106 : *N,N*-Dimethyl-4-(3-octahydro-2*H*-isoindol-2-ylpropoxy)benzamide

The experimental procedure is identical to that of Example 1, with the replacement of

4-hydroxybenzonitrile with *N,N*-dimethyl-4-hydroxybenzamide in Step 1, and octahydro-cyclopenta[*c*]pyrrole with octahydroisindole in Step 2.

Elemental microanalyses:

| | | C % | H % | N % |
|---|--------------|-------|------|------|
| 5 | Calculated : | 72.69 | 9.15 | 8.48 |
| | Found : | 72.25 | 9.21 | 8.37 |

PHARMACOLOGICAL STUDIES OF THE
COMPOUNDS OF THE INVENTION

EXAMPLE A : Cerebral doses of N^t-methylhistamine in the NMRI mouse

10 The aim of this study, carried out according to the method of Taylor *et al.* (*Biochem. Pharm.*, 1992, 44, 1261-1267), is to evaluate the *ex vivo* activity of the compounds of the present invention as type H3 central histaminergic receptor antagonists. That activity is revealed by measuring central levels of N^t-methylhistamine, the principal metabolite of histamine, after oral administration of the compounds being studied. An increase in the
15 cerebral concentrations of N^t-methylhistamine signifies an increase in histamine turnover by blockade of the type H3 central histaminergic receptors.

NMRI mice (18-20g) are treated *via* oral administration with the compounds of the present invention or with their carrier (20 ml/kg). Two hours after the pharmacological treatment, the animals are sacrificed, the brains are removed, frozen in liquid nitrogen, weighed and
20 homogenised in 0.1N HClO₄ at 4°C. The homogenates are centrifuged (15000 g, 17 min, 4°C). The supernatants are recovered and divided into aliquots. The aliquots are frozen in liquid nitrogen and stored at -80°C until their analysis.

Determination of the cerebral levels of N^t-methylhistamine is effected by capillary electrophoresis coupled with detection by laser-induced fluorescence (*J. Chromatogr. A.*,
25 1996, 755, 99-115). The tissue levels of N^t-methylhistamine are expressed in ng/g of fresh brain. Comparison between the cerebral levels of N^t-methylhistamine of the animals treated with the carrier (control) and the animals treated with the compounds of the present invention (n=5/group) is effected by single factor variance analysis followed, if necessary,

by a supplementary analysis (Dunnett's test).

The results show that, at doses of from 3 to 10 mg/kg p.o., the compounds of the present invention are capable of increasing the endogenous cerebral concentrations of N^t-methylhistamine by more than 50 %. By way of example, at doses of 3 mg/kg p.o., the compounds of Examples 4, 22 and 93 increase the endogenous cerebral concentrations of N^t-methylhistamine by 52 %, 33 % and 90 %, respectively, and, at a dose of 10 mg/kg p.o., the compounds of Examples 1 and 22 increase the endogenous cerebral concentrations of N^t-methylhistamine by 92 % and 85 %, respectively. These results demonstrate that the compounds of the present invention are potent activators of the central histaminergic systems and are active *via* the oral route with a duration of action of at least several hours.

EXAMPLE B : Pharmaceutical compositions

Formulation for the preparation of 1000 tablets each containing a dose of 100 mg :

| | |
|------------------------------|-------|
| compound of Example 22 | 100 g |
| hydroxypropyl cellulose..... | 20 g |
| polyvinylpyrrolidone..... | 20 g |
| wheat starch..... | 150 g |
| lactose..... | 900 g |
| magnesium stearate | 30 g |